

Menge abges. soll. so dass Gleichung lösbar

$$2 \cdot 14 + 5 = 33.$$

Ort: Herksh

$$\text{Nr. } \frac{x^3 + 5x^2 - 4x - 20}{x^2 + 3x - 10} = \frac{(x-4)(x+5)}{(x-2)(x+5)} - \frac{(x+2)(x+5)}{(x-2)(x+5)} \cdot 20$$

$$x^2 \cdot 3x - 10 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \text{r. L. zu } x_1 = 2, x_2 = -5$$

Ort: $x \neq 2,$

$$\text{Nz. } \begin{cases} (x+y)(x+y+z) = 72 \\ (y+2)(2y+z) = 120 \end{cases}$$

$$(x+2)(x+y+z) = 66$$

$$\begin{cases} x+y+z = \frac{72}{72} \\ \text{Fall parallel zu } z \text{ oder } x, \\ \text{oder } y \\ x+y+z = \frac{96}{96} \\ x+y+z = \frac{66}{66} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{72}{x+y} = \frac{120}{y+2} \quad ; \quad \frac{120}{y+2} = \frac{66}{z+2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 120x + 120y &= 12y + 72z && | + 120y \\ 120x + 120z &= 96y + 56z && | + 12y \\ 96y + 162z &= 216y + 96z \end{aligned}$$

$$96z = 144y \quad ; \quad y = \frac{2z}{3}$$

$$x = 1,5y \quad ; \quad y = \frac{2z}{3}$$

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$$120x + 120y = 72y + 72z \quad | + 120y$$

$$120x = 96y + 56z$$

$$120x = 96y + 56z \quad | : 8$$

$$15x = 12y + 7z \quad | : 3$$

$$5x = 4y + \frac{7z}{3}$$

$$5x = 4y + \frac{7z}{3} \quad | - 4y$$

$$5x = \frac{7z}{3} \quad | : 5$$

$$x = \frac{7z}{15} \quad | \cdot 15$$

$$x = \frac{7z}{15} \quad | : 7$$

$$x = \frac{z}{15} \quad | \cdot 15$$

$$x = z \quad | : z$$

$$x = 1 \quad | \cdot 15$$

$$x = 15 \quad | : 5$$

$$x = 3 \quad | : 3$$

$$x = 1 \quad | : 1$$

$$x = 1 \quad | : 1$$